

		6 Arrest de	Arrest details and preceding events			Hypothermia cause of arrest?
on arrival pH pCO ₂ BE HCO ₃ - K Ca ²⁺ Mg *	post-ROSC				•	Yes – as at least one of the below promining and the property of the provided for a specific provided
					10	Hypovolaemia suspected?
* if recent result available					Ц	Yes - due to one of the below Obvious pregnancy Ruptured AAA Major trauma Diarrhoea GI bleed
① Long term o	conditions		® Medications			Other Consider recommendations below
omit if already r	ecorded in patie.	nt's notes	omit if already reco	rded in patient's notes		 If > 19 weeks pregnant, start C-section after 4min of arrest and deliver by 5min Give 2L crystalloid STAT Up to 4 units O NEG if needed; see DMS 58397 - massive haemorrhage protocol NO - not suspected
					① ·	Hypoxia risk minimized? Yes – as ALL of the below ETT, LMA or surgical airway in situ Ventilated with 100% Oxygen Chest rising adequately Bilateral breath sounds No give details
include	e functional statu	ıs.			12	Hyperkalaemia or another electrolyte derangement? Yes - at least one of the below K > 5.9
					< 2.5 < 1.1 < 0.6	
					١_	* if recent result available See box 20 for rescue treatment
⊕ Key end-tid	_	gs (1) CF	PR interventions sur	mmary & outcome		* if recent result available
on arrival	after 20min Al (if appropriate	gs (1) CF		mmary & outcome e causes (boxes 9-16)	(3)	* if recent result available See box 20 for rescue treatment
	after 20min Al	gs (1) CF	PR interventions sur	mmary & outcome e causes (boxes 9-16)	0	* if recent result available See box 20 for rescue treatment No - none of the above Tension pneumothorax? Yes → Needle thoracocentesis NOW followed by chest drain insertion
on arrival	after 20min Al (if appropriate	gs (1) CF	PR interventions sur	mmary & outcome e causes (boxes 9-16)	1	* if recent result available See box 20 for rescue treatment No - none of the above Tension pneumothorax? Yes → Needle thoracocentesis NOW followed by chest drain insertion No
on arrival HH:MM Team meml circle team lea	after 20min Al (if appropriate	gs (1) CF	PR interventions sur	mmary & outcome e causes (boxes 9-16)	19	* if recent result available See box 20 for rescue treatment No - none of the above Tension pneumothorax? Yes → Needle thoracocentesis Now followed by chest drain insertion No Toxins or overdose?
on arrival HH:MM Team meml circle team lea underscore s	after 20min Al (if appropriate HH:MM bers der's name and scribe's name	(Se)	PR interventions sullude Rx for any reversible as well as any EC	mmary & outcome e causes (boxes 9-16) CHO findings	① ① ① ① ① ② ② ② ② ② ③ ③ ③ ③ ③ ③ ③ ③ ③ ③	* if recent result available See box 20 for rescue treatment No - none of the above Tension pneumothorax? Yes → Needle thoracocentesis NOW followed by chest drain insertion No Toxins or overdose? Yes - the below is known / suspected **Consider recommendations below* **TCA - give Na Bicarbonate 8.4% 50mL Cyanide (cardiac arrest after fire) - give Cyanokit (Hydroxocobalamin) 5G B-blocker / Ca-channel blocker / Digoxin - see 'ED bradycardia management tool' Most other poisons - standard CPR only Go to Toxbase.org for further guidance Call NPIS on 0844 892 0111 if needed
on arrival HH:MM Team meml circle team lea underscore s	after 20min Al (if appropriate HH:MM bers der's name and scribe's name	(Se)	PR interventions sur	mmary & outcome e causes (boxes 9-16) CHO findings		* if recent result available See box 20 for rescue treatment No - none of the above Tension pneumothorax? Yes → Needle thoracocentesis NOW followed by chest drain insertion No Toxins or overdose? Yes - the below is known / suspected **Consider recommendations below* **TCA - give Na Bicarbonate 8.4% 50mL Cyanide (cardiac arrest after fire) - give Cyanokit (Hydroxocobalamin) 5G 8-blocker / Ca-channel blocker / Digoxin - see 'ED bradycardia management tool' Most other poisons - standard CPR only Go to Toxbase.org for further guidance Call NPIS on 0844 892 0111 if needed No - history not suspicious Tamponade suspected? Yes - as at least one of the below Penetrating chest trauma → Resuscitative thoracotomy NoW if output was lost within last 10min; otherwise discontinue CPR as fuille ECHO shows pericardial effusion → Needle pericardiocentesis No
on arrival HH:MM Team meml circle team lea underscore s Rescue tree	after 20min Al (if appropriate) HHH:MM bers der's name and scribe's name Oml. % saline (20mL minir % 50mL (i.e. 50mm) r 10% 250mL or 50% with KCl 10mmol of with KCl 10mmol of amt. (i.e. 250 in	evere elect mum) ol) % 50mL) ver 10min	PR interventions suitude Rx for any reversible as well as any EC	mmary & outcome e causes (boxes 9–16) CHO findings	(B) Mass: → rt N/M 190 RC	* if recent result available See box 20 for rescue treatment No - none of the above Tension pneumothorax? Yes → Needle thoracocentesis NOW followed by chest drain insertion No Toxins or overdose? Yes - the below is known / suspected Consider recommendations below • TCA - give Na Bicarbonate 8.4% 50mL • Cyanide (cardiac arrest after fire) - give Cyanokit (Hydroxocobalamin) 5G β-blocker / Ca-channel blocker / Digoxin - see 'ED bradycardia management tool' • Most other poisons - standard CPR only • Go to Toxbase.org for further guidance • Call NPIS on 0844 892 0111 if needed No - history not suspicious Tamponade suspected? Yes - as at least one of the below Penetrating chest trauma → Resuscitative thoracotomy Now if output was lost within last 10min; otherwise discontinue CPR as futile ECHO shows pericardial effusion → Needle pericardiocentesis